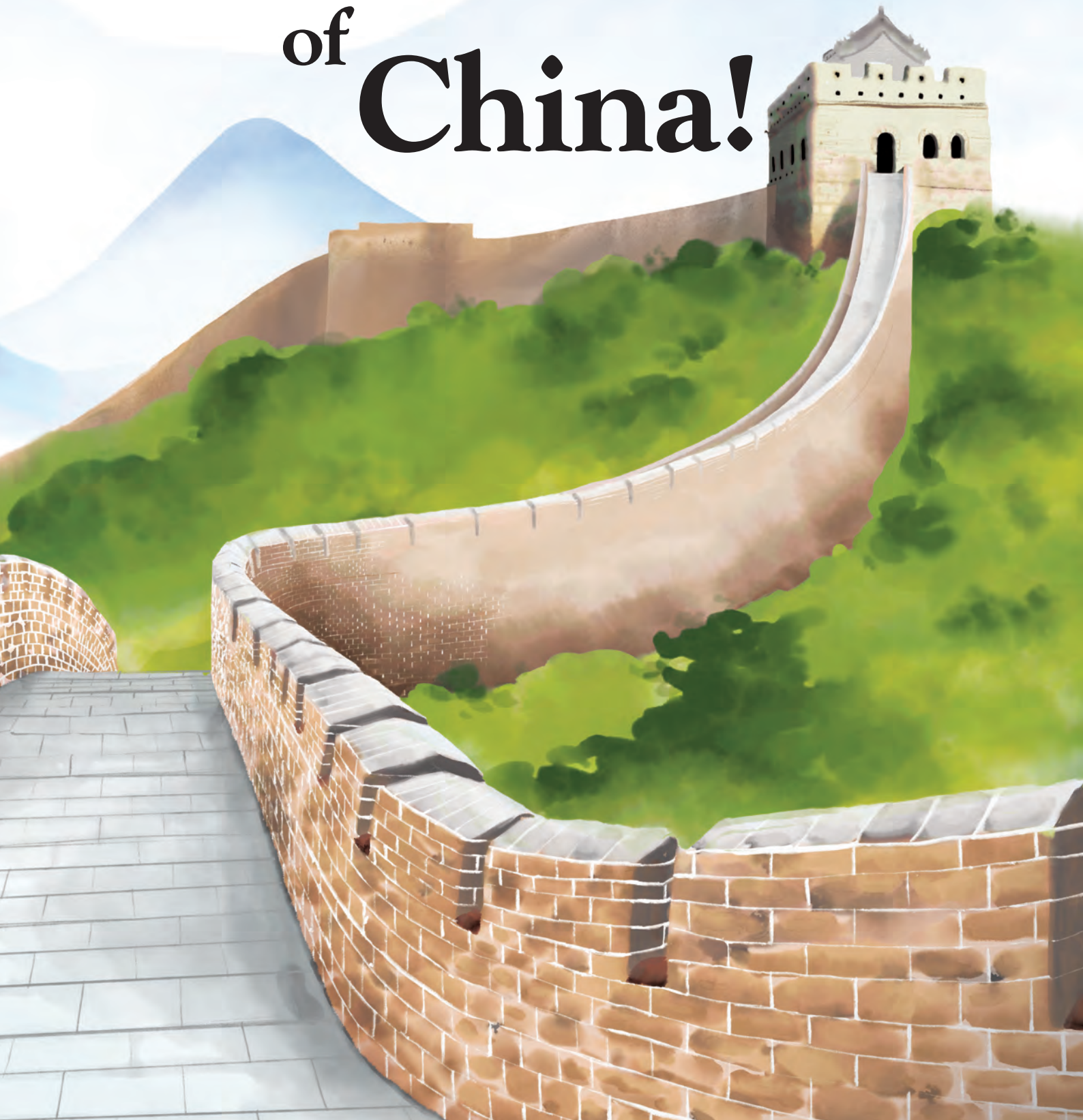


Let's Visit
the
Great Wall
of
China!



English Language Education Section
Curriculum Development Institute
Education Bureau
The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

12/F, Wu Chung House, 213 Queen's Road East,
Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Published 2026

All pictures in this e-book are for illustrative purposes only and may differ from the originals.

The copyright of this e-book belongs to the Education Bureau of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

Duplication of this e-book is restricted to non-profit-making educational purposes only. In all cases, proper acknowledgements should be made. Otherwise, all rights are reserved, and no part of this e-book may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means without the prior permission of the Education Bureau of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

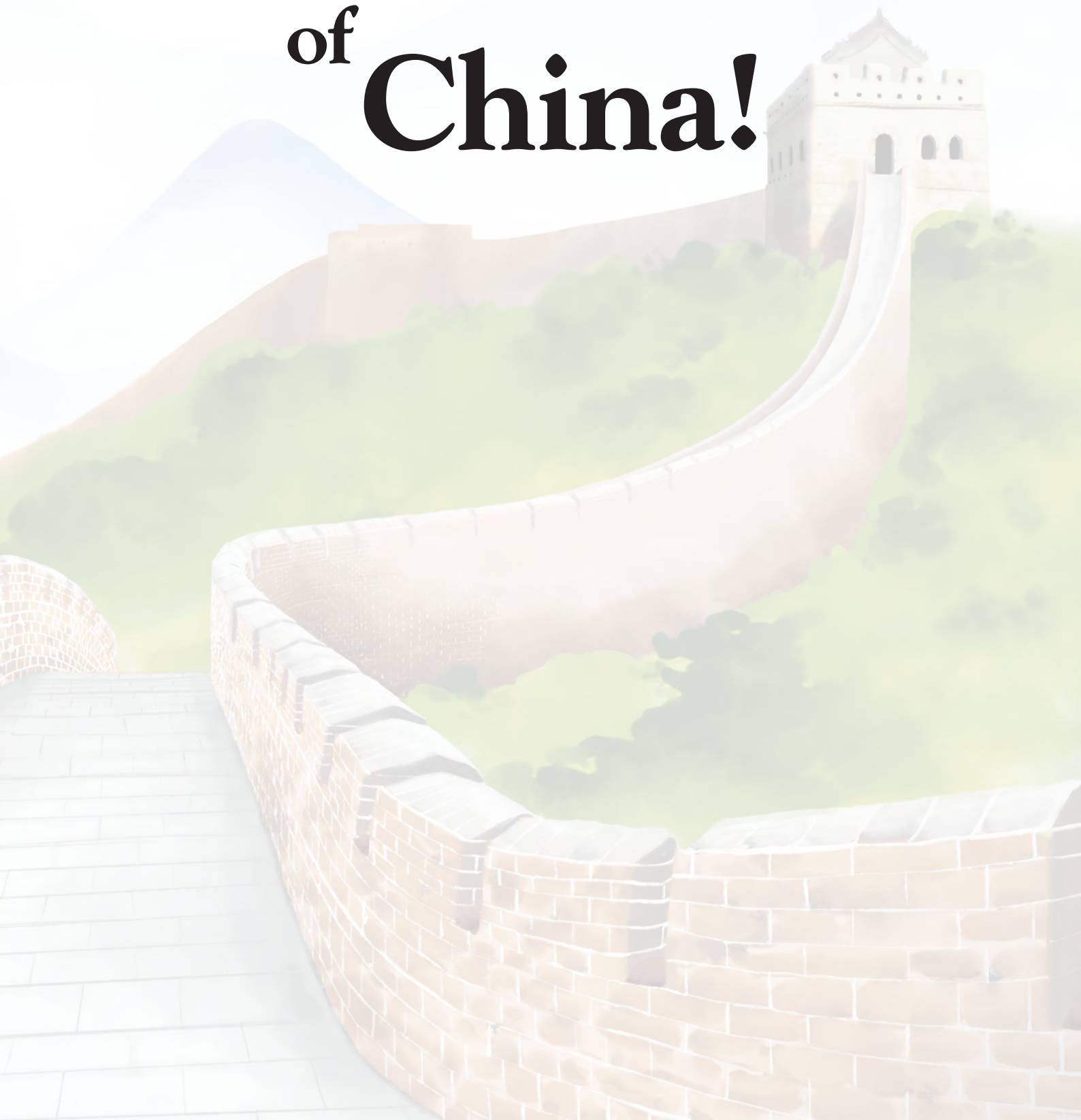
If you have any reason to believe that any information or content of this e-book may infringe copyright or contain typographical errors, please notify us. Upon receipt of your notification, we will take follow-up action immediately.

© 2026

Contents

Section 1	
What is the Great Wall of China?	Page 1
Section 2	
Structure of the Great Wall of China	Page 3
Section 3	
History of the Great Wall of China	Page 5
Section 4	
Wonders of a World Heritage Site	Page 7
Section 5	
Damage to the Great Wall of China	Page 9
Section 6	
Tech to Protect	Page 11
Section 7	
The Spirit of the Great Wall of China	Page 13
Section 8	
Our Heritage, Our Responsibility	Page 15

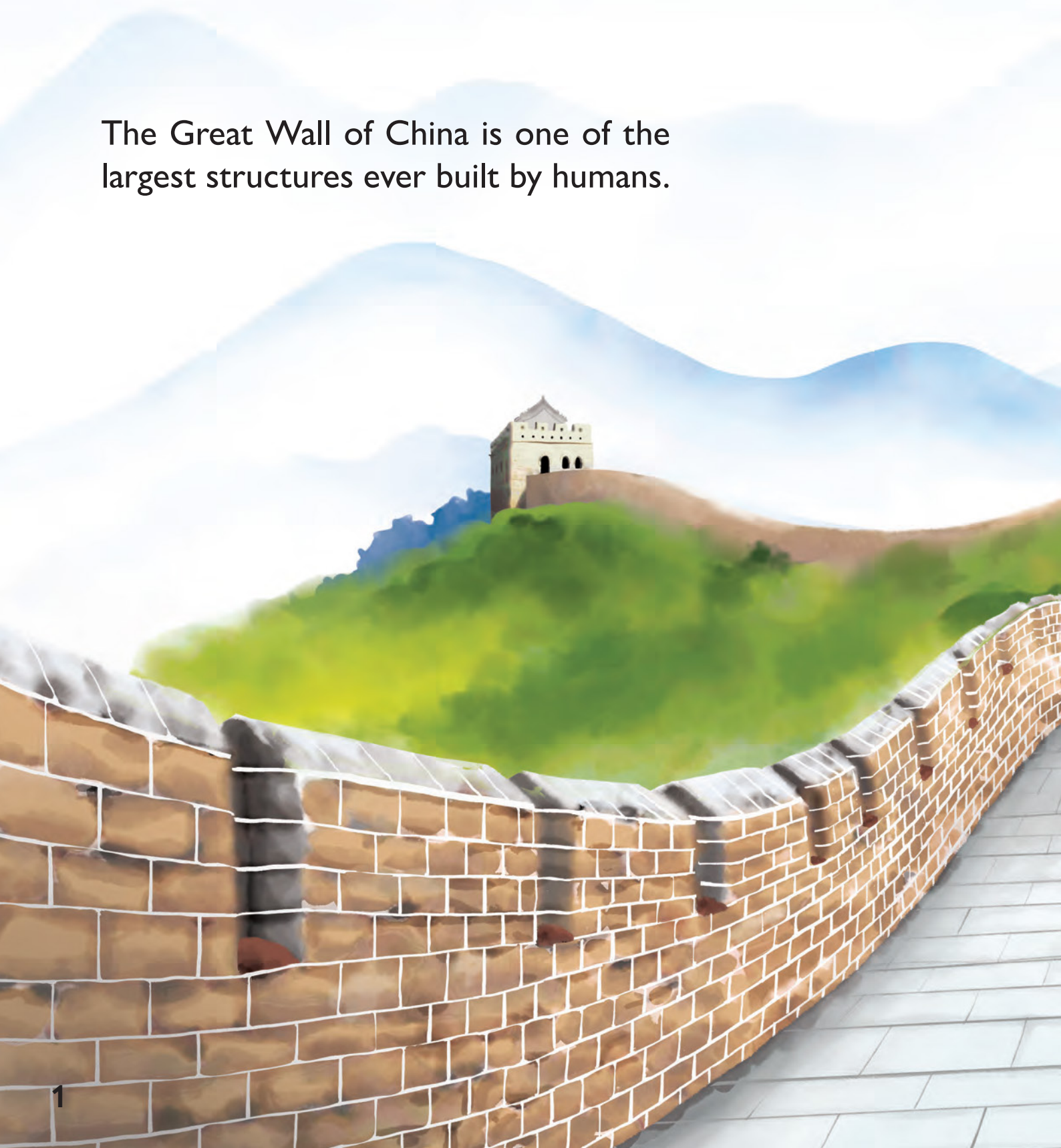
**Let's Visit
the
Great Wall
of
China!**



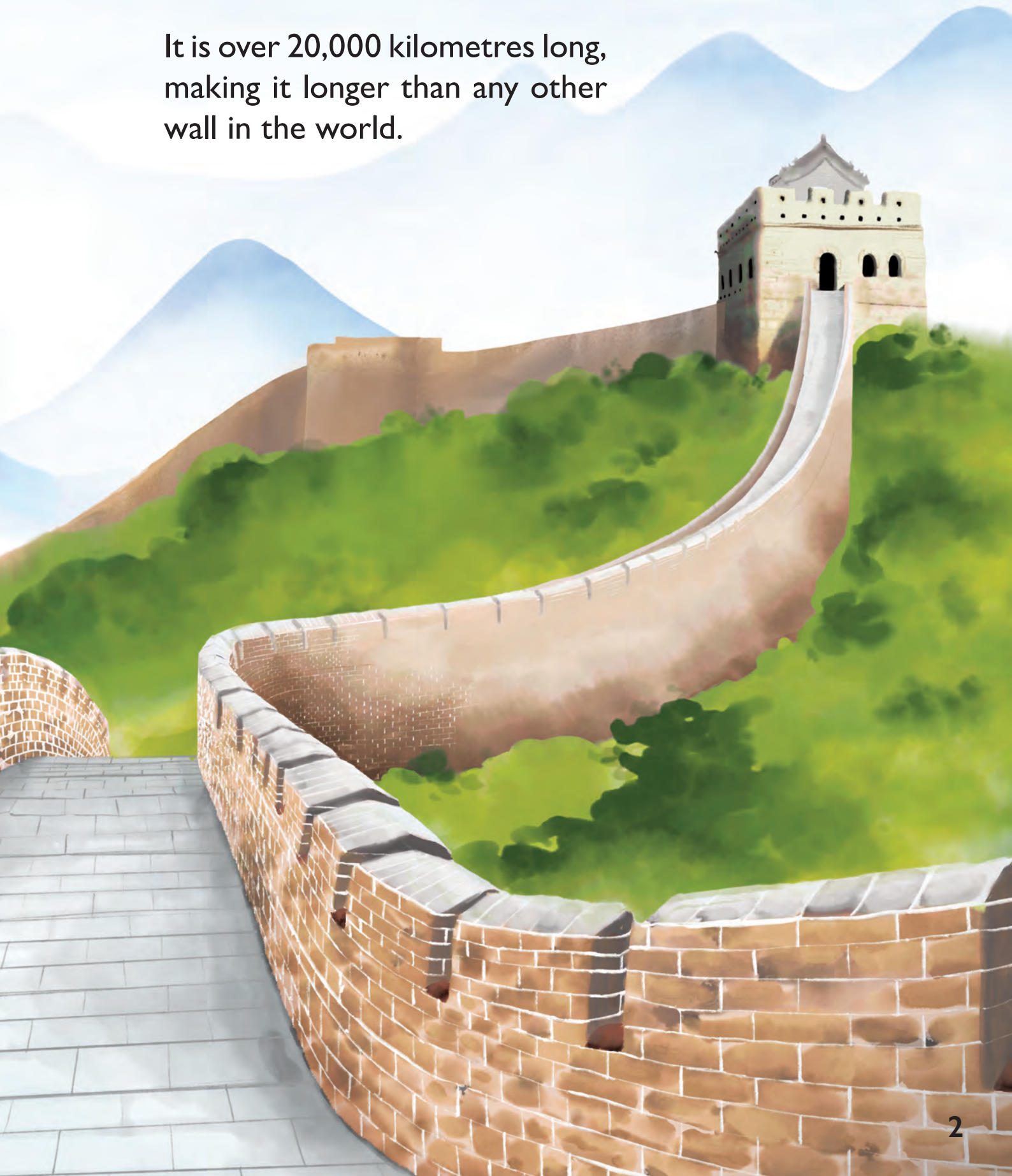
Section 1

What is the Great Wall of China?

The Great Wall of China is one of the largest structures ever built by humans.



It is over 20,000 kilometres long,
making it longer than any other
wall in the world.



Section 2

Structure of the Great Wall of China

The Great Wall of China was built over 2,000 years ago. It was mainly made of soil, wood, stone and brick.

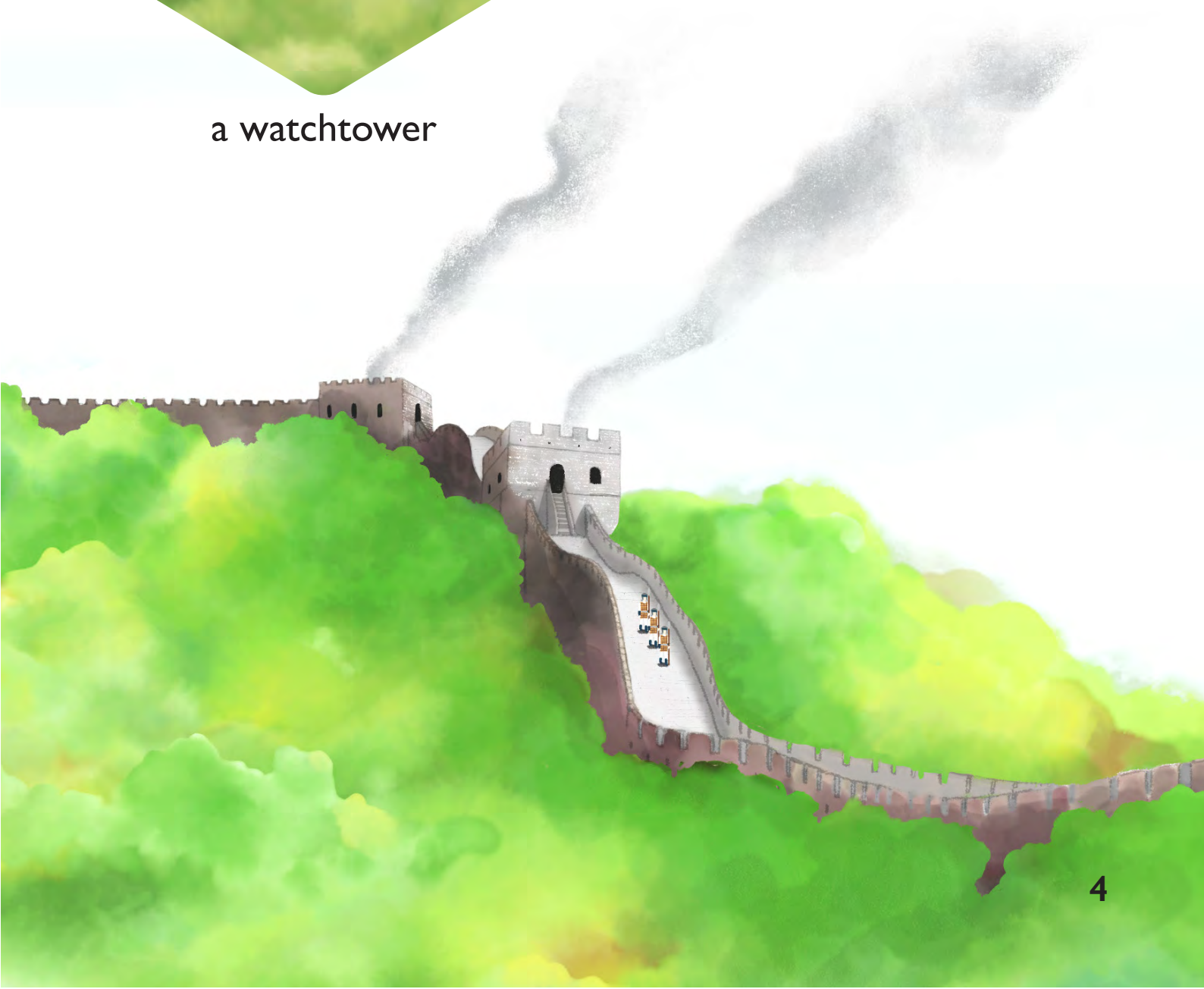




a watchtower

It winds through mountains to keep invaders out.

In the past, soldiers sent smoke signals to warn other soldiers at the watchtowers when the invaders entered the area.



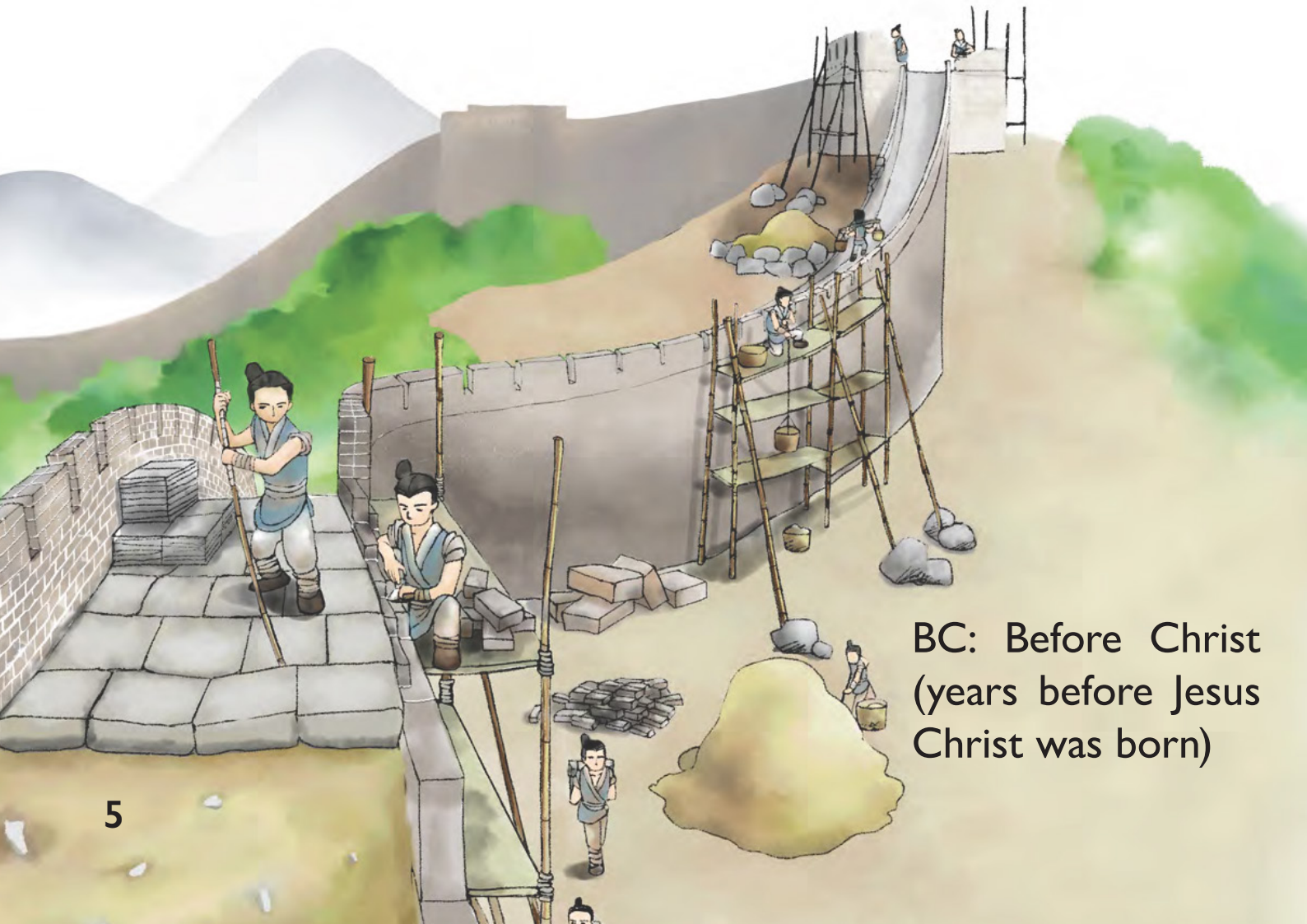
Section 3

History of the Great Wall of China



Qin Shihuang, the first emperor of China, unified China in 221 BC and founded the Qin Dynasty (which lasted from 221 to 206 BC). He ordered his workers to build the Great Wall of China to protect his people and the land.

Qin Shihuang



BC: Before Christ
(years before Jesus
Christ was born)

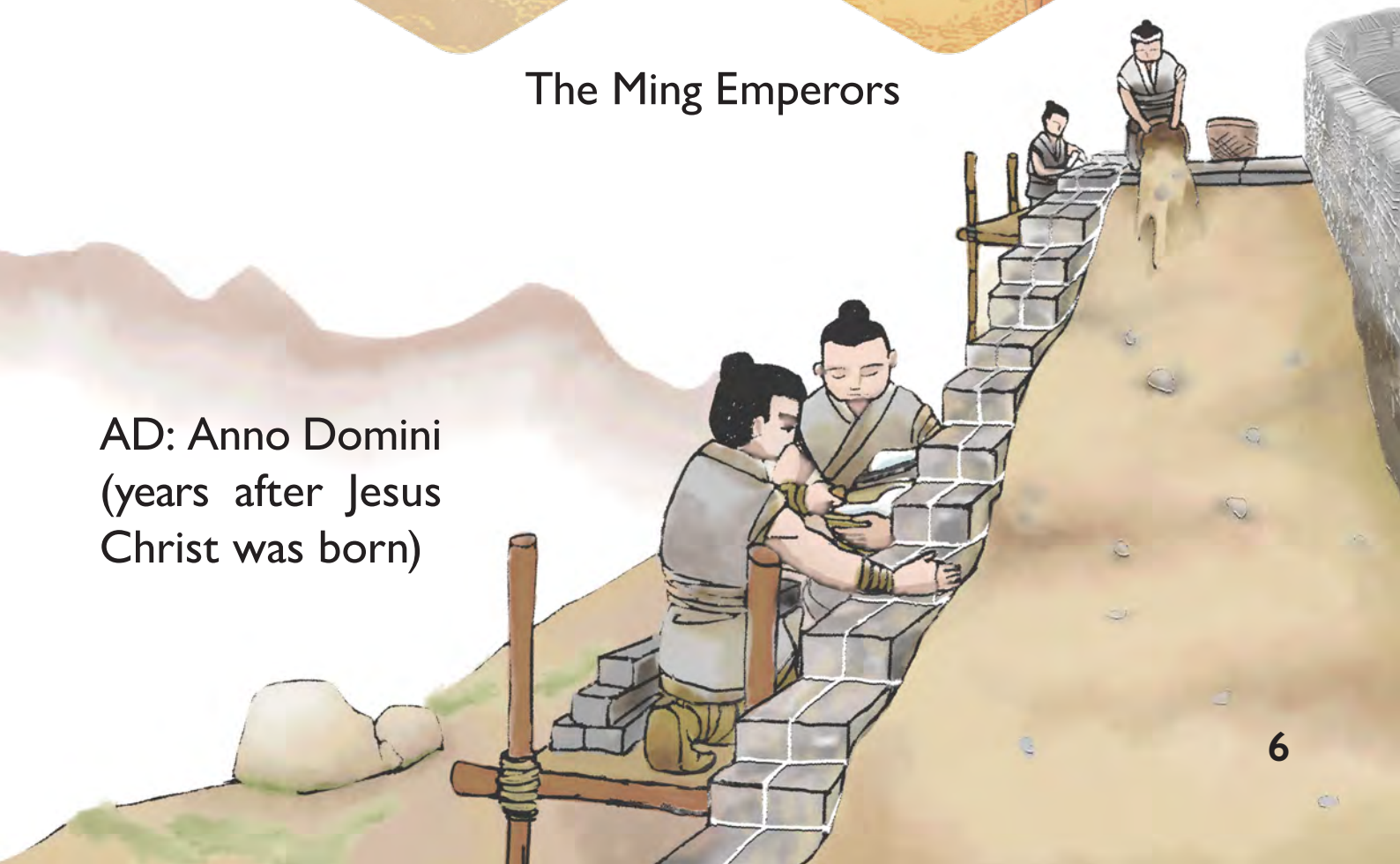
Later, during the Ming Dynasty (1368 - 1644 AD), the emperors rebuilt and extended the Great Wall of China.

The Ming people used bricks and stones to make it much stronger than before.



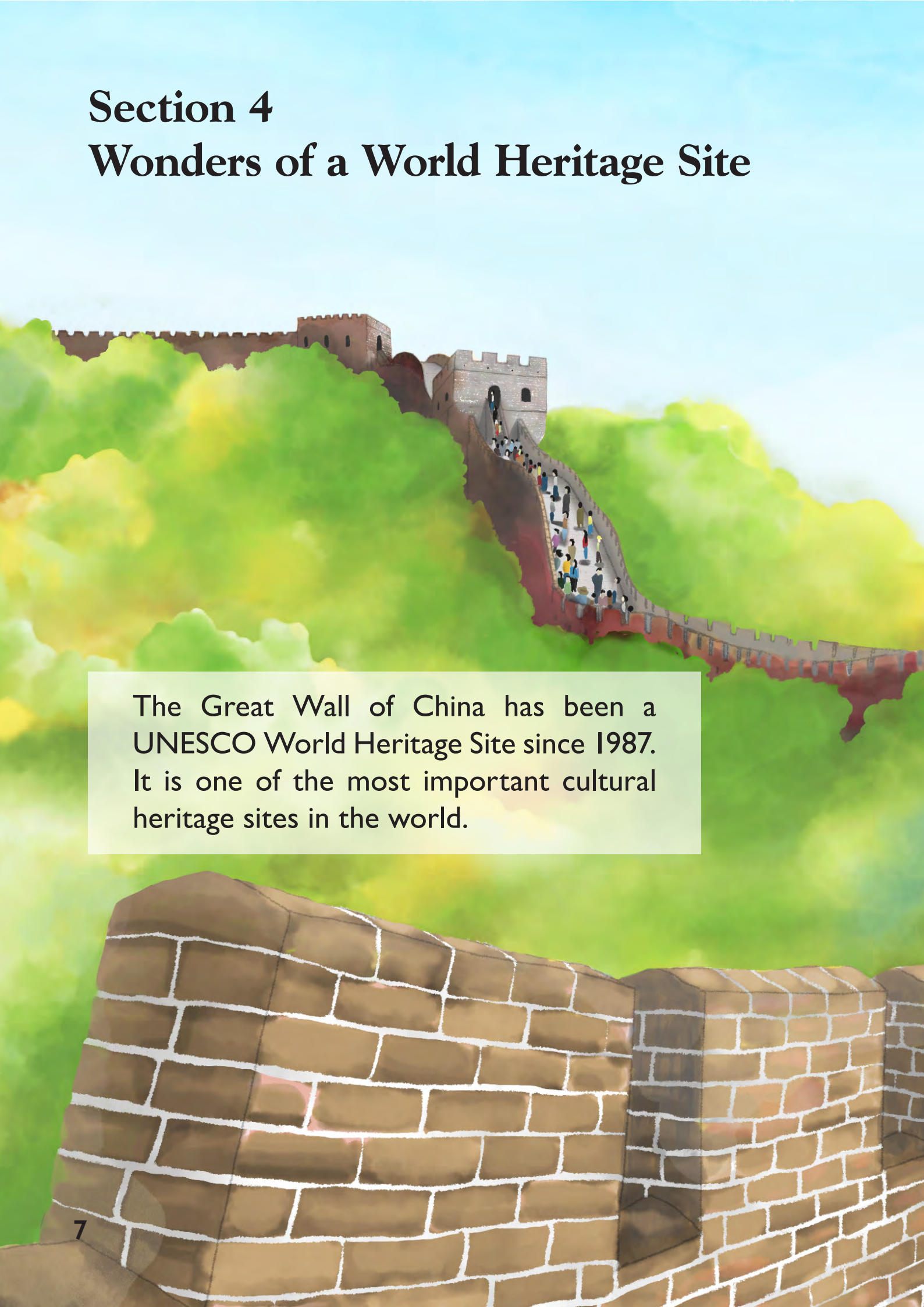
The Ming Emperors

AD: Anno Domini
(years after Jesus
Christ was born)



Section 4

Wonders of a World Heritage Site



The Great Wall of China has been a UNESCO World Heritage Site since 1987. It is one of the most important cultural heritage sites in the world.

Millions of tourists visit the Great Wall of China each year to see its beauty and learn about its history.



Section 5

Damage to the Great Wall of China

Sunlight, rain, wind and other factors have caused damage to the Great Wall of China over the years.





Some tourists' improper behaviours also damage the Great Wall of China.

We should not climb, litter or engrave on the wall.

We should stay on paths, take only photos and leave only footprints.



No Climbing



No Engraving



No Littering

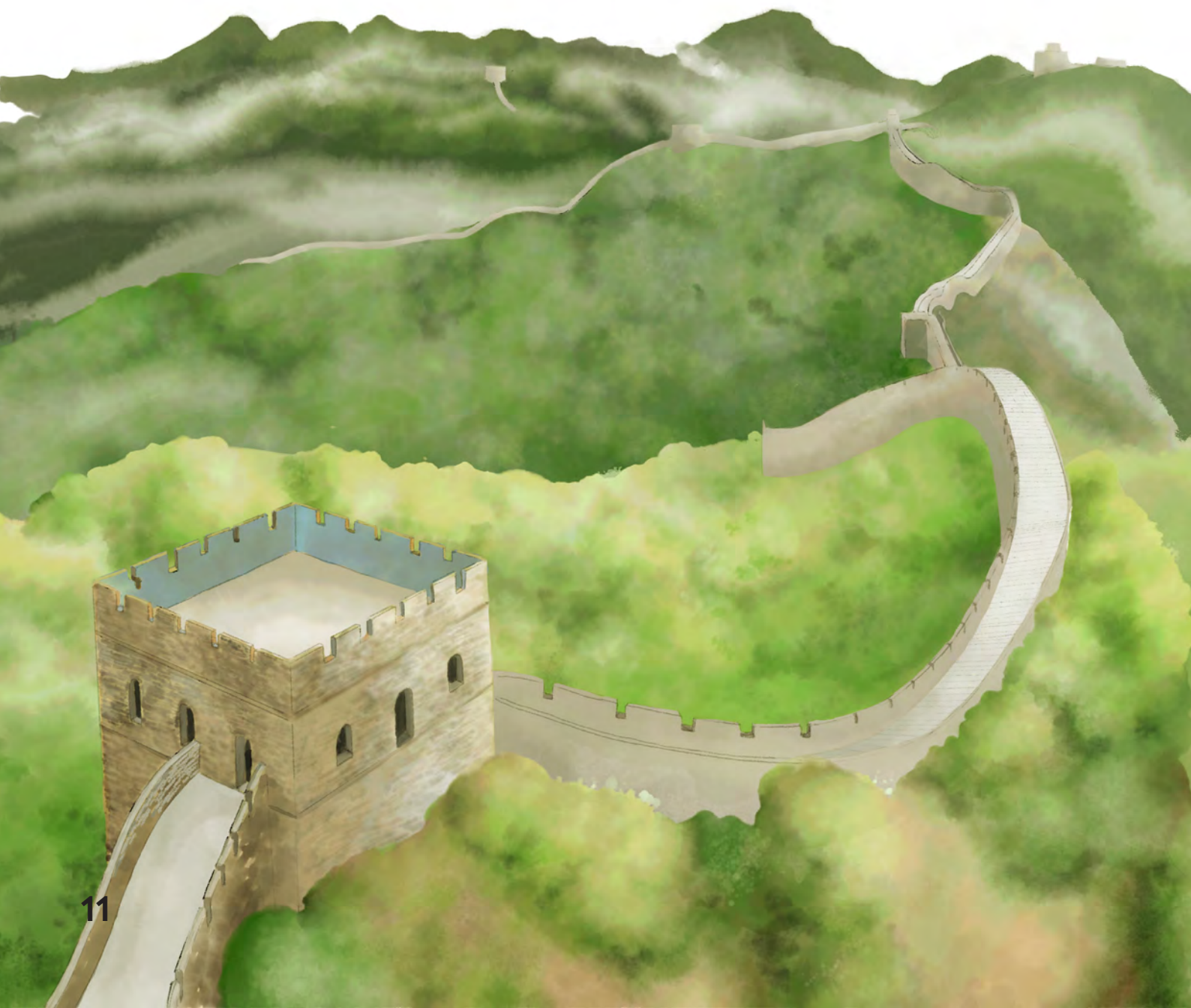


Section 6

Tech to Protect



China uses drones to collect images of damage to the Great Wall. People use the information to repair it.





With the help of technology, people can protect the Great Wall of China from damage. This allows everyone to enjoy the beauty of this historic attraction!



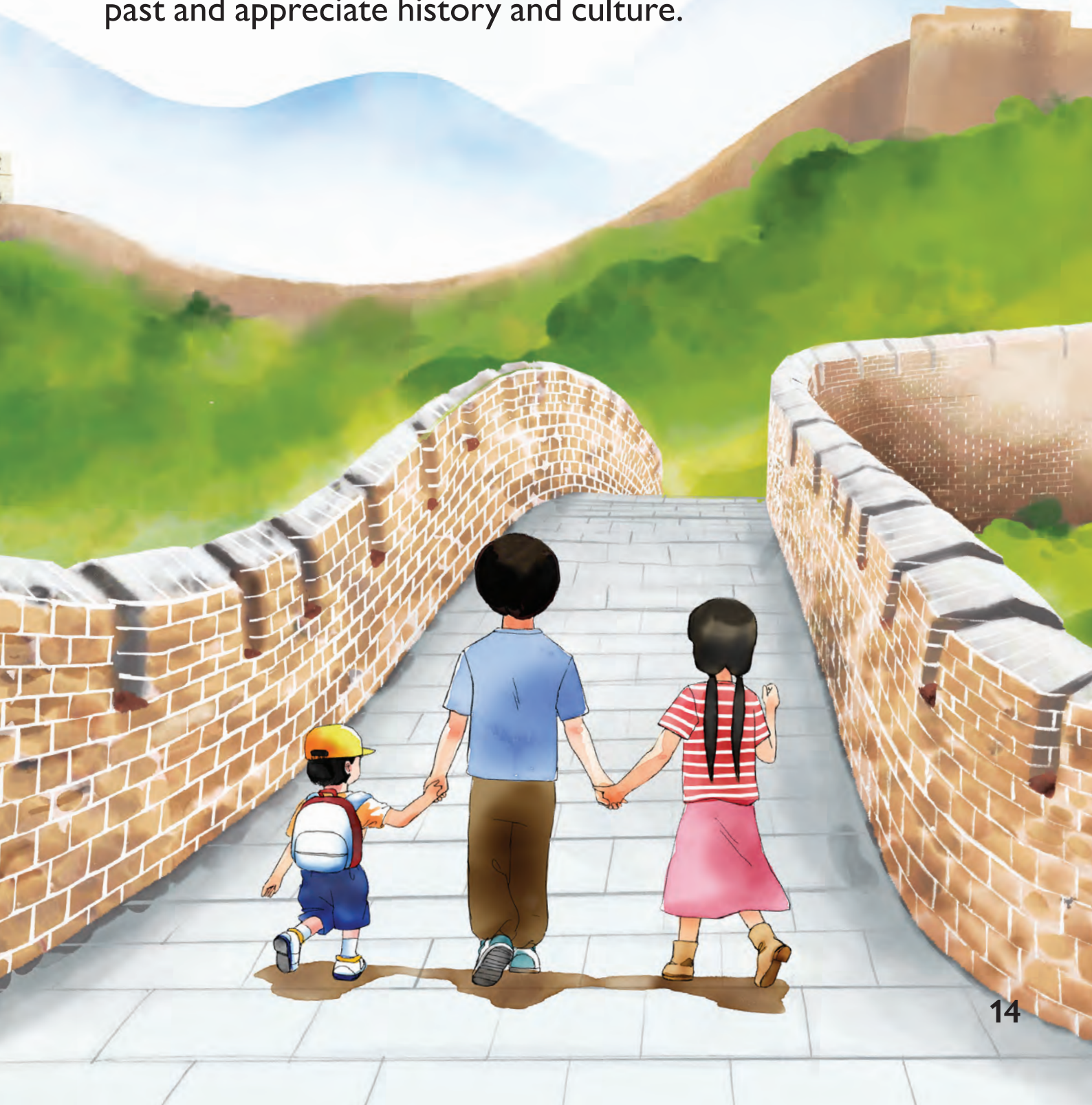
Section 7

The Spirit of the Great Wall of China

The Great Wall of China shows the hard work of the ancient Chinese people who built it to protect their land and people. Although it is no longer used to keep invaders out, people still work hard to preserve it.



The Great Wall is a source of pride for Chinese people. It is a symbol of national identity and perseverance. It is important for people to learn about the past and appreciate history and culture.



Section 8

Our Heritage, Our Responsibility

The Great Wall of China is a treasure for all of us. It is our responsibility to protect it. Remember, every little action counts!







©English Language Education Section
Curriculum Development Institute
Education Bureau
HKSAR, 2026
All rights reserved

